DECEMBER, 1783. THE NUMB. 2792.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1783.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling at BELL's Book-Store, near St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet,---Price Half a Dollar.

OBSERVATIONS on the Commerce of the American States with Europe and the Weſt-Indies; including the ſeveral Articles of Import and Export.

To which are added,

An ESSAY on CANON and FEUDAL LAW.

By JOHN ADAMS, Eſquire, Ambaſſador Plenipotentiary from the United and Independant States of North-America, to their High Mightineſſes the States General of the United Provinces of Holland.

To which is annexed,

The Political Character of the ſaid JOHN ADAMS, Eſquire. By an American.

Alſo juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling at ſaid BELL's Book-Store ---Price One Quarter Dollar.

OBSERVATIONS on a late PAMPHLET, entituled "*Conſiderations upon the Society or Order of the Cincinnati,*" clearly evincing the Innocence and Propriety of that Honourable and Reſpectable Inſtitution. In Anſwer to vague Conjectures, falſe Inſinuations, and ill-founded Objections.

By an obſcure Individual.

HEROES *aroſe,*
Who (ſcorning Coward ſelf) for OTHERS *liv'd,*
Toil'd for THEIR *Eaſe, and for* THEIR *Safety bled.*
THOMSON's Poem on Liberty.

Men who HONESTLY *engage themſelves in the public Cauſe muſt prepare themſelves for Events, which will at once demand their Patience, and rouſe their Indignation.* JUNIUS.

N. B. Books for Perſons of all Denominations, may be had at ſaid Bell's Book-Store, in Third-ſtreet. §

Rappahannock, York & James River

TOBACCO.

N. BLODGET,

Acquaints his friends and the public, that he is commercially eſtabliſhed at Peterſburgh in Virginia, and that he will tranſact buſineſs on the beſt terms, with fidelity and diſpatch.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the Coffee-houſe, on Saturday, the 20th inſtant, at 6 o'clock in the evening, if not before diſpoſed of at private ſale, the following houſes and lots, in and near this city, viz.

A TWO ſtory brick houſe, kitchen and lot of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, now in the tenure of the widow Lort, containing in front 16 feet, and extending in depth 120 feet to Apple-tree alley; on which there is alſo an old tenement.

A two ſtory brick houſe, kitchen and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, now in the tenure of George Killinger.

A two ſtory brick houſe and lot, adjoining the laſt mentioned (in the tenure of Leonard Reed) which together are 28 feet in front, and 220 feet in depth.

A vacant lot, ſituate a little to the weſtward of the laſt deſcribed, containing 24 feet in front, and 220 feet in depth.

A tan-yard, with the buildings, &c. ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets, oppoſite to Pemberton's garden, lately occupied by Joſeph and Thomas Marriott, now under leaſe to James Dillworth, which will expire on the firſt day of April, 1785. This lot contains in front on Third-ſtreet about 100 feet, and in depth 50 feet, the back of the lot to Dock-ſtreet is 131 feet 7 inches.

A lot of ground, ſituate in Moyamenſing townſhip, about two miles from this city, adjoining the plantation late of Andrew Hannis, deceaſed, containing 6 acres and 16 perches. All the above are clear of ground-rent and every other incumbrance.

Alſo a ground-rent of 28l. per annum, iſſuing out of a lot in Spruce-ſtreet, near Front-ſtreet. Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing at private ſale, may apply to either of the ſubſcribers.

JOSEPH BULLOCK,
Dec. 10, 1785. PETER BAYNTON.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

ON SATURDAY, the 20th inſtant, at the ſign of the Blue Ball, near Marcus-Hook, twenty-four acres of exceeding good WOODLAND, within half a mile of ſaid place. The terms will be made known at the time ſale. §

December 6, 1783.

JACOB DUCHE,

INTENDING very ſhortly to go to England, requeſts all thoſe who are indebted to him by bill, bond or otherwiſe, to come without further notice and pay; and thoſe who have any demands on him, are deſired to produce them without delay.

He has for SALE, a large Chimney-Glaſs, having an elegant frame, carved in a moſt curious taſte, and finely gilt; and likewiſe two large Sconce-Glaſſes; he has alſo a Glaſs-Caſe, containing a moſt curious pair of Aſſay Scales, that will turn with the 200th part of a grain, and its whole apparatus fit for an Aſſay Office, as directed by a late Maſter of the Mint in England; alſo two ſmall Stills and Worms, one of which contains about 7 gallons, having a pewter crane neck to its head; the other contains 3 gallons, ſet in a copper portable Furnace, as a balneo maria, fit for a Doctor or Apothecary; likewiſe a parcel of beſt hard metal pewter Plates and Diſhes, that have been very little uſed; a mahogany Cheſt, containing a ſolar camera obſcura, Mycroſcope, and ſundry others; alſo ſundry Houſhold Goods. ¶

PETER S. DU PONCEAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC and CONVEYANCER,

HEREBY informs the PUBLIC, That his Office is in Third-ſtreet, between Spruce and Pine-ſtreets, the houſe oppoſite the Honorable Mr. M'Kean's, where he carries on the buſineſs of a Notary Public and Conveyancer, in all its branches.

Deeds of bargain and ſale, wills, mortgages, powers of attorney, articles of agreement and corpartnerſhip, memorials, petitions, and all other deeds and writings, are drawn up at the ſaid Du Ponceau's Office, with neatneſs, accuracy and diſpatch. †

TO BE SOLD,

THE well known Iſland, in the river Delaware, called CHESTER-ISLAND, nearly oppoſite the town of Cheſter, containing upwards of one hundred acres. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, by applying to SAMUEL CLEMENT, living in Haddonfield, may be informed more particularly concerning the ſame. § State of New-Jerſey, Dec. 4, 1783.

Philadelphia, December 1, 1783.

GRAND LODGE.

THE Annual Communication of the Grand Lodge of Pennſylvania will meet at their Room, in Lodge-Alley, in this City, on SATURDAY, the 27th Inſtant, at Ten o'Clock, A. M. at which time and place the Officers of the ſeveral Lodges under this Juriſdiction are requeſted to attend.

By Order of the R. W. Grand Maſter,
JOSEPH HOWELL, jun. D. G. Secretary.

Juſt publiſhed and to be SOLD, by

CHARLES CIST,

In Market-ſtreet (Price Ten Shillings in Boards)

The SECOND PART of the FIRST LINES of the

PRACTICE OF PHYSIC,

Containing the Neuroſes or Nervous Diſeaſes;

BY WILLIAM CULLEN, M. D.

Profeſſor of the PRACTICE of PHYSIC, in the Univerſity of Edinburgh.

At the above Place to be SOLD (Price One Shilling and Three-pence)

Obſervations upon the preſent Conſtitution of Pennſylvania, in Four Letters to the People of Pennſylvania.

Firſt publiſhed in the Year 1777, immediately after the Reſolution of the General Aſſembly, to take the Senſe of the People upon the Subject of a New Convention to re-conſider the Conſtitution.

ZANT and Sicily CURRANTS, Smyrna RAIZINS in Caſks and Boxes, Turkey FIGS of an excellent Quality, juſt imported in the Ship La Capricieuſe, Captain Boziz, from Trieſte, for SALE, by

SAMUEL GARRIGUES,

In Third-ſtreet, the corner of Elm-ſtreet, Phialadelphia.
12th month, 5th, 1783. §

SIXTY DOLLARS Reward,

For apprehending and ſecuring the following perſons (Debtors) who broke goal on the night of the 29th ult.

HENRY VANHOOK, a likely young man, fair complexion, about 5 feet 8 inches high, aged 25 years; had on, a blue great coat, light coloured body ditto, corduroy veſt and breeches, and boots.

PHINEAS BRAG, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, aged 27 years; had on, a ſailor's jacket and trowſers, and an old round hat.

LEONARD SHAW, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, aged 22 years, a likely, well ſet young man; had on, a ſailor's jacket, blue trowſers, and ſtriped cap, without a hat.

The above reward will be paid for ſecuring the whole, or TWENTY DOLLARS for either of them, by

DANIEL MASKELL, Sheriff.

Cumberland county, Dec. 1, 1783. §

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A CONVENIENT two ſtory brick houſe and back buildings, including piazza, kitchen and waſh-houſe, ſituate on the north ſide of South-ſtreet, between Market-ſtreet and Arch-ſtreet, on Hudſon's ſquare.

A large two ſtory frame building, and good brick building back of the frame, adjoining the above deſcribed dwelling.

A lot of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets from Schuylkill, 100 feet front, 306 feet deep, incloſed with a new fence.

He hath alſo for ſale, at his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, between Market-ſtreet and Arch-ſtreet, near the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, and adjoining Doctor Redman's, a general aſſortment of ironmongery, window glaſs, painters colours, and dye ſtuffs; a quantity of ſuperfine, middling and coarſe cloths, both imported and of his own manufacture, and a variety of utenſils for manufacturing of goods, viz. looms, warping bars, reeds and geers of various ſorts, two curious machines for ſpinning of cotton, ſeveral common ſpinning wheels, weavers quill wheels and ſwifts, two boilers for dying, a fullers ſcrew, and wrings for waſhing wool. 8 w. SAMUEL WETHERILL, jun.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Plantation or Tract of Land, ſituate in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 168 acres of good deeded land, between 60 and 70 acres cleared, and is excellent to produce grain of any kind, near one third of which was lately cleared, and about 8 acres of meadow made, and 25 acres more may be made and watered, as there is a never-failing ſtream of water running through the whole of it; the water has been leveled, and a ditch dug upwards of 50 perches, and a dam almoſt made, the water can be taken out on both ſides to great advantage; there is on ſaid place two log dwelling-houſes, with two ſtone chimneys in each, a log barn, ſtable, &c. and a ſpring-houſe over an excellent ſpring of water within a few perches of the dwelling-houſe, which was never known to fail in the drieſt ſeaſon, alſo a ditch of water running by the door, a pretty young bearing apple orchard, and other fruit trees near the houſe. The ſaid plantation contains near 100 acres of woodland, which is well timbered; the clear land is under tolerable good fence; the weſt end of ſaid place bounds upon Brandywine creek, within a quarter of a mile of Lewis Gevel's paper-mill and merchant-mill, and is within a few miles of ſeveral merchant mills; the ſaid place affords a good ſeat for water-works, and in the whole will recommend itſelf. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes and know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on ſaid place.

¶ MORDECAI EVANS.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 2d inſtant. A Servant Lad, named JOSEPH OGIN, well ſet, 15 years old; had on when he went away, a felt hat, ſtrings in his ſhoes, a linen coatee, ſtriped with blue, corded breeches, filled with cotton, and old ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid run-away, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have a Reward of FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

December 10 § JOHN LLOYD.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Philip Rees, late of Upper Merion townſhip, deceaſed, are hereby deſired to diſcharge the ſame; and thoſe who have accounts and demands againſt the eſtate, are requeſted to bring them in, properly atteſted, that they may be ſettled by the ſubſcriber.

Dec. 4, 1783. ¶ HANNAH REES, Adminiſtratrix.

To the PEOPLE *of* AMERICA.

IN "*Rivington's New-York Gazette,*" of December 6th, is a publication, under the appearance of a letter from London, dated Sept. 30th; and is on a ſubject which demands the attention of the United States.

The Public will remember, that a Treaty of Commerce between the United States and England was ſet on foot laſt Spring, and that until the ſaid Treaty could be compleated, a Bill was brought into the Britiſh Parliament, by the then Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Pitt, to admit and legalize (as the caſe then required) the Commerce of the United States into the Britiſh ports and dominions. But neither the one nor the other has been compleated. The Commercial Treaty is either broken off, or remains as it began; and the Bill in Parliament has been thrown aſide. And in lieu thereof, a ſelfiſh ſyſtem of Engliſh politics has ſtarted up, calculated to ſetter the Commerce of America, by engroſſing to England the carrying trade of the American produce to the Weſt-India Iſlands.

Among the advocates for this laſt meaſure is Lord Sheffield, a Member of the Britiſh Parliament, who has publiſhed a Pamphlet, entituled, "*Obſervations on the Commerce of the American States.*" The pamphlet has two objects; the one is, to allure the Americans to purchaſe Britiſh manufactures; and the other, to ſpirit up the Britiſh Parliament to prohibit the Citizens of the United States from trading to the Weſt-India Iſlands.

Viewed in this light, the pamphlet, though in ſome parts dextrouſly written, is an abſurdity. It offends, in the very act of endeavouring to ingratiate; and his Lordſhip, as a politician, ought not to have ſuffered the two objects to have appeared together. The letter alluded to contains extracts from the pamphlet, with high encomiums on Lord Sheffield, for laborioufly endeavouring (as the letter ſtiles it) "to ſhew the mighty advantages of retaining the carrying trade."

Since the publication of this pamphlet in England, the Commerce of the United States to the Weſt-Indies, in American veſſels, has been prohibited; and all intercourſe, except in Britiſh bottoms, the property of, and navigated by Britiſh ſubjects, cut off.

That a country has a right to be as fooliſh as it pleaſes, has been proved by the practice of England for many years paſt: In her iſland-ſituation, ſequeſtered from the world, ſhe forgets that her whiſpers are heard by other nations; and in her plans of politics and commerce, ſhe ſeems not to know, that other votes are neceſſary beſides her own. America would be equally as fooliſh as Britain, were ſhe to ſuffer ſo great a degradation on her flag, and ſuch a ſtroke on the freedom of her Commerce, to paſs without a balance.

We admit the right of any nation to prohibit the Commerce of another into its own dominions, where there are no treaties to the contrary; but as this right belongs to one ſide, as well as the other, there is always a way left to bring avarice and inſolence to reaſon.

But the ground of ſecurity which Lord Sheffield has choſen to erect his policy upon, is of a nature which ought, and I think muſt awaken, in every American, a juſt and ſtrong ſenſe of national dignity. Lord Sheffield appears to be ſenſible, that in adviſing the Britiſh Nation and Parliament to engroſs to themſelves ſo great a part of the Carrying Trade of America, he is attempting a meaſure which cannot ſucceed, if the Politics of the United States be properly directed to counteract the aſſumption.

But, ſays he, in his Pamphlet, "*It will be a long time before the American States can be brought to act as a Nation, neither are they to be feared as ſuch by us.*"

What is this more or leſs than to tell us, that while we have no National Syſtem of Commerce, the Britiſh will govern our trade by their own Laws and Proclamations as they pleaſe. The quotation diſcloſes a truth too ſerious to be overlooked, and too miſchievous not to be remedied.

Among other circumſtances which led them to this diſcovery, none could operate ſo effectually, as the injudicious, uncandid and indecent oppoſition made by ſundry perſons in a certain State, to the recommendations of Congreſs laſt Winter, for an import duty of five per cent. It could not but explain to the Britiſh a weakneſs in the National Power of America, and encourage them to attempt reſtrictions on her trade, which otherwiſe they would not have dared to hazard. Neither is there any State in the Union, whoſe policy was more miſ directed to its intereſt than the State I allude to, becauſe her principal ſupport is the Carrying Trade, which Britain, induced by the want of a well-centered Power in the United States to protect and ſecure, is now attempting to take away. It fortunately happened (and to no State in the Union more than the State in queſtion) that the Terms of Peace were agreed on before the Oppoſition appeared, otherwiſe, there needs not a doubt, that if the ſame idea of the diminiſhed authority of America had occurred to them at that time as has occurred to them ſince, but they would have made the ſame graſp at the Fiſheries, as they have done at the Carrying Trade.

It is ſurpriſing that an authority which can be ſupported with ſo much eaſe, and ſo little expence, and capable of ſuch extenſive advantages to the country, ſhould be cavilled at by thoſe whoſe duty it is to watch over it, and whoſe exiſtence as a people depends upon it. But this, perhaps, will ever be the caſe, till ſome misfortune awakens us into reaſon, and the inſtance now before us is but a gentle beginning of what America muſt expect, unleſs ſhe guards her Union with nicer care and ſtricter honor. United, ſhe is formidable, and that with the leaſt poſſible charge a Nation can be for: Separated, ſhe is a medley of individual nothings, ſubject to the ſport of foreign Nations.

It is very probable that the ingenuity of Commerce may have found out a method to evade and ſupercede the intentions of the Britiſh, in interdicting the Trade with the Weſt-India Iſlands. The language of both being the ſame, and their cuſtoms well underſtood, the

veſſels of one country may, by deception, paſs for thoſe of another. But this would be a practice too debaſing for a Sovereign people to ſtoop to, and too profligate not to be diſcountenanced. An illicit Trade, under any ſhape it can be placed, cannot be carried on without a violation of truth. America is now Sovereign and Independent, and ought to act all her affairs in a regular ſtile of character. She has the ſame right to ſay that no Britiſh veſſel ſhall enter her ports, or that no Britiſh manufactures ſhall be imported, but in American bottoms, the property of, and navigated by American ſubjects, as Britain has to ſay the ſame thing reſpecting the Weſt-Indies. Or ſhe may lay a duty of ten, fifteen or twenty ſhillings per ton (excluſive of other duties) on every Britiſh veſſel coming from any port of the Weſt-Indies, where ſhe is not admitted to trade, the ſaid tonnage to continue as long on her ſide as the prohibition continues on the other.

But it is only by acting in Union, that the uſurpations of foreign Nations on the freedom of trade can be counteracted, and ſecurity extended to the Commerce of America. And when we view a Flag, which to the eye is beautiful, and to contemplate its riſe and origin inſpires a ſenſation of ſublime delight, our National Honor muſt unite with our Intereſt to prevent injury to the one, or inſult to the other.

COMMON SENSE.

New-York, Dec. 9, 1783.

From the ANTIGUA GAZETTE, *Sept.* 3.

Mr. PRINTER,

WHEN the late Miniſtry were driven out of office by the preſent motley and rapacious crew, it was eaſy to foreſee, that no public good could be expected from men, who had ſacrificed their political principles and private feelings to perſonal intereſt, and agreed in nothing which did not immediately tend to their own advantage.

During the courſe of an inglorious war, the greater part of the Weſt-India iſlands, by the neglect of a former adminiſtration, were compelled to ſubmit to a foreign maſter. The few which remained under the Britiſh flag, ſtruggled with difficulties which have reduced them to the brink of deſtruction. Theſe difficulties were increaſed by additional taxes upon their produce; and the enormous prices of proviſions and other neceſſaries would have been inſupportable, if the increaſed value of ſugar had not in ſome meaſure alleviated their diſtreſs. The return of peace, ſo anxiouſly deſired by every perſon who was not immediately intereſted in the continuance of the war, enabled a diſcontented faction to ſeize the reins of government, and to impoſe upon their Sovereign a ſett of confidential ſervants, whom he had every reaſon to deteſt. And when this important national concern was ſettled, and the civil liſt emoluments had been properly divided, the remaining colonies might have hoped, without any very great degree of preſumption, that ſome leiſure hour would have been found, in which their intereſt might have been alſo attended to---at leaſt they had a right to expect, that they would not have been excluded from enjoying ſome part of the advantages, which the peace with America naturally offered.

Theſe expectations have however been entirely deſtroyed by the Royal Proclamation (announced in your paper of the 20th ult.) which, by confining the importation of American commodities, as well as the exportation of plantation produce, to Britiſh bottoms, has in effect prohibited all trade and intercourſe with America. This reſtriction appears to me ſo very impolitic and unnatural, that if I could ſuppoſe it poſſible for French gold to find its way into the Britiſh Cabinet, I ſhould be induced to believe, that the Proclamation, though dated at St. James's, was really dictated from Verſailles. That the French, after having obtained one grand object of their policy, ſhould ſtill wiſh to preſerve the advantage which they had already gained, by excluding the Engliſh iſlands from any trade with America, might naturally have been expected; but that the Britiſh Court ſhould co-operate with them for the ſame purpoſe, I can hardly believe;---although I have no reaſon to doubt your authority. Surely, Mr. Printer, the ſame political ſpirit which lately perſecuted the northern colonies, until it had compleated their final ſeparation from the mother country, ſtill exiſts in the Royal Council, and has taken a new direction to the ſouth!----Can it be ſuppoſed that the Americans are ſo blind to their own intereſt, or ſo devoted to the preſent Miniſtry, as to accept of a partial trade, under a reſtriction which precludes them from carrying their own commodities to market? Or that, when they enjoy a free and extenſive commerce with almoſt every other part of the globe, they will ſubmit to ſupply theſe iſlands upon terms, which inſult their honor as a nation, and injure their rights as individuals? The ſkill and perſeverance which they have ſo lately ſhewn, afford but little reaſon to ſuppoſe they can be eaſily duped by an Engliſh Miniſtry. And I fear that a coalition of all the wiſdom in Britain will never prevail upon them to adopt a meaſure, ſo evidently prejudicial to their preſent intereſt, and future conſequence.

The abſurdity of this reſtriction is, if poſſible, ſtill increaſed by the permiſſion granted in a former Proclamation (of the 14th of May laſt) to import American produce into Great-Britain in American bottoms. Great-Britain, which allows a bounty upon the exportation of her own corn to foreign parts, permits the ſame commodity to be brought into her own ports in American veſſels; but refuſes the ſame indulgence to her Weſt-India iſlands, whoſe very exiſtence neceſſarily depends upon a punctual ſupply of proviſions! this diſtinction is either an ignorance of our colonial intereſts, which in a Miniſter is ſhameful to the laſt degree; or it ſhews a fixed and unalterable deſign to oppreſs the few remaining colonies, which ſtill conſider themſelves as part of the Britiſh empire. It has indeed been ſaid, that this reſtriction is wiſely intended to direct our trade to Canada and Nova-Scotia, from whence we may be eaſily ſupplied with lumber and proviſions. The former article may perhaps be obtained in a ſufficient quantity; but, if I am rightly informed, proviſions cannot be procured from Nova-Scotia, and the produce of Canada is not equal to our wants, nor are its ports acceſſible during many months in the year. But admitting that we could be ſupplied from thence with the ſeveral articles which our neceſſities require,---to what market is our rum to be exported? I think I may venture to aſſert that it cannot be conſumed in Canada or Nova-Scotia, at leaſt not for many years to come.---The exceſſive duties impoſed upon it in Great-Britain and Ireland are nearly equal to a prohibition---and unleſs it can be diſpoſed of to ſome advantage, it is impoſſible to carry on a Sugar Plantation.

Theſe, however, Mr. Printer, are matters beneath the dignity of our preſent Stateſmen to enquire into. It is ſufficient for them, if by oppreſſive taxes, and arbitrary commercial reſtrictions, they can extract from the colonies ſuch ſupplies, as may anſwer the purpoſe of government during their adminiſtration. The conſequences that may follow they leave to be conſidered by their ſucceſſors, or by thoſe who may have leiſure to calculate chances, which are of no uſe at White's or St. James's. Recent experience has however ſhewn, that the Houſe of Bourbon will not be backward in availing itſelf of any future diſſentions. One of the leaders in the preſent adminiſtration has already had the honor of diſmembering the Britiſh empire; and the ſame line of conduct, ſteadily purſued, may perhaps enable him to contract it within ſtill narrower limits.

PERTINAX.

SALEM, *November* 27.

On Tueſday laſt paſſed through this town, on their way to Boſton, a Captain, Lieutenant, and about 40 men, of the Dutch navy. They related, as we are informed, that they ſailed from Holland in the month of June laſt, in a ſhip of 50 guns, one of the ſquadron bound to Philadelphia, with his Excellency Mynheer Van Berkel, the Dutch Miniſter: That in September, in lat. 37 and half, and in the longitude of Nantucket, the ſhip was diſmaſted, in a violent gale of wind; that from the want of water, &c. and the ſhip leaking to ſuch a degree, as to require the greateſt exertions of the whole crew to keep her from ſinking, they were reduced to the greateſt diſtreſs; that a few days ſince, not far from Cape-Ann, they deſcried a brig about three leagues diſtance, when the Captain, the Lieutenant, and the 40 men above-mentioned, left the ſhip in two boats, and made for the brig; and that in about three minutes after they left the ſhip, ſhe went down, having then on board 303 men, among whom were two Lieutenants and two other officers, all of whom were drowned. Thoſe in the boats were taken on board the brig, and afterwards put on board a ſloop from Cape-Ann, which was ſent out for their relief; at which place they were all landed.

The Subſcriber, living in Vine-ſtreet, next Door to the Corner of Fourth-ſtreet, has for SALE,

A Pair of bright Bay HORSES,

Sixteen Hands high; one five Years old next Graſs, the other ſeven, well broke to the Geers.

Dec. 17. § JACOB FRANTZ.

Choice PICKLES.

SUCH as Walnuts, Mangoes, Pockmilions, Cucumbers, Beans, alſo Ketchup and Walnut Liquor, Wine Bitters, Lavender Compound, and good Pickling Vinegar, to be had of MARGARET TROTTER, Mid-way in Elfrith's-Alley.

Weſt-Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, Dec. 11, 1783.

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On the 13th day of January next, on the Premiſes.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in the Great-Valley, Weſt-Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, near the great Lancaſter road, about 27 miles from Philadelphia, containing 200 acres or thereabouts of excellent land of the beſt quality, one half cleared and the reſt well timbered: There are on ſaid place, two good dwelling houſes and one barn, the Manſionhouſe built of ſtone, is ſituated ſo as to command a beautiful proſpect of the meadow, which contains upwards of 15 acres, well watered by a never failing ſtream, and as much more may be made: Two good orchards of excellent fruit in their prime of bearing. Likewiſe a good Lime-kiln and lime-ſtone quarry near the houſe; all the fields have been well limed, and are in fine order for bearing crops of every kind. The title indiſputable. The ſale to begin at two o'clock on ſaid day, when the terms will be made known, by

† DAVID MEREDITH.

To be SOLD at a low Rate,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, ſituated and bounded by lands of James Starrett and others, in Weſt-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 156 acres and allowance, with a dwelling-houſe and barn, a bearing orchard and ſpring-houſe, with a never-failing ſpring of good water within a few rods of the door, about five or ſix acres of well watered meadow, and as much more may be made and watered, the Indian creek running 50 perches along the line, the plough land is divided into four fields, and is good for bearing grain and graſs, about 50 acres of very good timber, well grown. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid tract, may apply to GEORGE M'ILHENEY, living near Charleſtown Meeting-houſe, or to the ſubſcriber, within one mile of the premiſes, where the particulars and terms of ſale will be made known, and an indiſputable title given, by ROGER NORTH.

Alſo for ſale, within about 5 miles of the aforeſaid premiſes, and about 4 from Downing's-Town, and may be entered on the firſt day of April next, a PLANTATION, containing 105 acres, with allowance for roads, near the one half is cleared and under good fence; there are thereon, a good dwelling-houſe, barn and ſtables, ſtill-houſe and ſpring-houſe over a never-failing ſpring; the meadow and orchard are in proportion; the title is indiſputable. Likewiſe a pair of Stills, Hogſheads, Barrels, Kegs, &c. Enquire as above. Dec. 17, 1783. ‖

BY virtue of a Writ to me directed, under the hand and ſeal of Arthur St. Clair, Preſident pro tempore of the Hon. the Council of Cenſors, The Freeholders and other Electors, qualified to chooſe members of Aſſembly, in the county of Cheſter, are hereby notified, That an ELECTION will be held at the ſeveral Diſtricts in the ſaid county, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th inſtant, at the hours by law appointed for holding general elections, to chooſe a perſon to ſerve as a MEMBER in the COUNCIL of CENSORS, in the room and ſtead of the Honorable JOHN EVANS, deceaſed; at which time and place the Inſpectors and Judges of the laſt general election are hereby requeſted to attend to execute their reſpective offices.

Dec. 14, 1783. § WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, on Saturday, the 20th inſtant December, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the Coffee-houſe in this city, all thoſe MESSUAGES, STORES and WHARFF, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Plumb or Water-ſtreet, below the bridge, late the eſtate and property of Henry Neill, deceaſed, with the appurtenances, conſiſting of the following parcels, viz.

1. One Lot of Ground, containing in breadth on ſaid Plumb-ſtreet 35 feet, and extending that breadth into the river Delaware, bounded weſtward by Plumb-ſtreet aforeſaid, ſouthward by a ten feet alley, extending from ſaid Plumb-ſtreet into the ſaid river, eaſtward by the ſaid river, and northward by a meſſuage, lot and wharff late of Samuel Powel, eſq; now of Robert Waln, charged with and ſubject to one yearly rent of 80l. lawful money of Pennſylvania, iſſuing thereout, payable to George Clymer, his heirs and aſſigns, for ever.

2. One other Lot of Ground, containing in breadth on the ſame ſtreet 35 feet, and extending into the river Delaware, bounded on the north by the ſaid ten feet alley, and on the ſouth partly by Nehemiah Allen's meſſuage and lot, and partly by the lot next herein after mentioned, being free from ground-rent.

3. One leaſehold Lot of Ground, ſituate on the river Delaware, containing in breadth north and ſouth 30 feet, and in length eaſt and weſt about 50 feet, more or leſs, bounded northward by the lot next herein before deſcribed, eaſtward by the river Delaware, ſouthward by a ſeven feet alley leading from the river to Plumb-ſtreet aforeſaid, and weſtward by ground ſome time of the ſaid Nehemiah Allen, at the diſtance of 110 feet from the eaſt ſide of Plumb-ſtreet, which lot the ſaid Nehemiah Allen demiſed by indenture to the ſaid Henry Neill, for the term of 20 years from the firſt day of May, 1771, under the yearly rent of 30l. to which it is now ſubject, and the ſame lot and a brick ſtore thereon erected, is ſubject to certain covenants and agreements mentioned and contained in certain articles between the ſaid Nehemiah Allen and Henry Niell, bearing date the 24th day of March, 1774; and the purchaſer will alſo be entitled to a yearly rent of 15l. per annum, during the term, from the aſſigns of Andrew M'Glone, for the uſe of a 16 feet alley, laid out north and ſouth acroſs the weſt end of this lot. The whole ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold, by

Philad. Dec. 8, 1783. THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, December 13, 1783.

ON Wedneſday, the 24th inſtant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the Sheriff's Office, the fifth door above Second-ſtreet, in Walnut-ſtreet, viz. All the WEARING APPAREL, &c. of I. W. M. Williams (alias Strathave) conſiſting of very valuable articles; alſo a Riding Horſe, Saddle and Bridle; attached as the property of ſaid Williams.

Alſo at ſaid time and place will be ſold, a number of BOOKS, conſiſting of Law, Hiſtory, Divinity, &c. &c. taken in execution as the property of George Noarth, Eſq; deceaſed, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

THE Partnerſhip of HEIMBERGER and SHOBER being diſſolved, all perſons having any demands againſt the ſaid partnerſhip, are requeſted to bring in their accounts before the firſt of January next; and all perſons indebted to them are likewiſe requeſted to ſettle before that time. §

NOTICE is hereby given to the Collectors of public Taxes for the county of Cheſter, who are in arrears, That on the ſixth day of January next, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in Birmingham, the County Treaſurers will attend to receive the ſame. All delinquents after that date will be immediately proceeded againſt without further notice.

By Order of the Board of Commiſſioners,

Dec. 15, 1783. § CHARLES DILWORTH, Clerk.

The Subſcriber, living in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, Philadelphia, begs leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he can and has for ſeveral years paſt infallibly cured the

BITE of a MAD DOG,

As numbers of people in this and the neighbouring States can teſtify.

MY anceſtors, for upwards of 150 years, did ſucceſsfully practice the ſame cures in Old England, when the ableſt Phyſicians there, after exerting their utmoſt ſkill, have failed therein. Thoſe who are ſo unhappy as to meet with ſuch a fatal Diſaſter, may find an eaſy and effectual cure, by applying to

DANIEL GOODMAN.

N. B. The ſubſcriber has for ſale, ſeveral hundred Kegs of Small BISCUIT, of the beſt quality, at a reaſonable rate.

WHEREAS a certain THOMAS CROSLAND, Schoolmaſter, lately died inteſtate, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip of Skippack and Perkioming, in Philadelphia county, about 22 miles from the city, and left ſome property more than would pay his juſt debts and funeral expences, which remains in the hands of the ſubſcriber; and as it is ſaid the ſaid Croſland had a wife in this or ſome other neighbouring ſtate. This public notice is given, that if ſhe or ſuch other heirs as he hath left, will apply as above, and make the proper and neceſſary proofs, they may receive the ſame.

Dec. 9, 1783. § HARMAN UMSTAT, Adminiſt.

WAS taken up on the 24th of November, treſpaſſing, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark, about ten or twelve years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away, in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold, to defray the expences of keeping, by

Dec. 15, 1783. ¶ ROBERT HAYDOCK.

Cumberland Goal, New-Jerſey, Dec. 15, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of Lawrence Vanhook, Phineas Bragg and Sylvanus Smith, now confined in the goal of Cumberland, Weſt New-Jerſey, to appear on the 14th day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court-houſe in Bridgetown, in Cumberland county aforeſaid, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of the ſaid debtors ſeveral eſtates ſhould not be made, and they diſcharged, purſuant to act of Aſſembly.

LAWRENCE VANHOOK,
PHINEAS BRAGG,
SYLVANUS SMITH.

¶

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Germantown townſhip, about 9 miles from Philadelphia, containing 100 acres of land, about one half whereof is cleared, with a good orchard on it, and about ſix acres of good watered meadow, and more may be made, about 45 acres of plough-land, the reſt woodland, well timbered. There are on the place, two dwelling-houſes, one of ſtone, the other a frame building, a ſtone barn, a ſtill-houſe, and mill-houſe for grinding apples, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, and a well near the door.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the particulars, by applying to MATTHIAS ROOP, oppoſite the ſign of the Cheſnut-Tree Tavern, about the middle of Germantown.

December 15, 1783. †

Buckingham, Bucks county, Dec. 10, 1783.

WHEREAS JOHN NORMAN obtained a Note of Hand from the ſubſcriber, for the ſum of Thirty-five Pounds, dated in March or April, 1782, for which ſaid Norman received in part, on the 22d of April, 1782, the ſum of Twenty-four Pounds, and on the 2d of May following he received the ballance, but as he had not the note with him at the time of the laſt payment, he gave a receipt in full for the whole ſum, which receipt is in the ſubſcriber's poſſeſſion; and as the ſaid Norman has ſince left the parts without delivering up the note aforeſaid, theſe are to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of the ſame, as it will not again be paid by

† CHRISTIAN WIREMAN.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 20th of November laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Mountholly, Burlington county, New-Jerſey, a bay HORSE, 7 years old, about 14 hands and an half high, black mane and tail, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and a ſmall lump on the out ſide of his off hind leg; he trots, canters, and paces a travel. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, and gives notice to the owner, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS Reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Mountholly, Dec. 9. DANIEL SHEELDS.

N. B. A further Reward of EIGHT DOLLARS for the thief, if ſtolen. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Lower Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, a dun HORSE, with a ſtar in his forehead, and a ſhort tail. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

Oct. 24, 1783. § JOHN COTTMAN.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of JOHN AYRES, an inſolvent debtor, to appear at the houſe of Aziel Pierſon, inn-keeper, in Bridge-Town, Cumberland county, New-Jerſey, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of the ſaid debtor's eſtate ſhould not be made, and he diſcharged from impriſonment, purſuant to the act of inſolvency. § Dec. 8, 1783. JOHN AYRES.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Tinicum townſhip, Bucks county, a brown MARE, about 6 or 7 years old, 15 hands high, paces and trots, ſhod all round. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. § Nov. 13. FRANCIS WILSON.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Concord townſhip, Cheſter county, ſome time ago, a dark brown MARE, ſuppoſed to be five years old paſt. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

12th Month, 14th, 1783. § JOHN PEIRCE, jun.

PHILADELPHIA, December 17

In COUNCIL, *December* 9, 1783.

SIR,

YOUR return, in safety and health, to this city, from which you first sat out commissioned to defend the liberties of your country, and after so successful a performance of that high trust, affords us a most sincere joy.

"We heartily congratulate you on the late honorable peace, by which the freedom, sovereignty and independence of The United States are acknowledged, their territorial rights ascertained, and the calamities of war terminated.

"When we contemplate your conduct in every period of the eventful contest, and the various proofs you have exhibited of your love for your fellow-citizens, our minds are filled with sentiments, which, we are convinced, you would rather deserve, than have expressed------if they could be expressed.

"They are sentiments, Sir, representing you in such a light to us, that, ardently wishing you every happiness of this life, we feel ourselves equally moved, by duty and affection, to beseech The Best and Greatest of Beings, in his good time, to bestow upon you the felicities of that to come.

"When I thus communicate the sense of Council, I rejoice in the opportunity of testifying with how perfect an esteem I am,

SIR,

Your Excellency's most obedient Servant,

JOHN DICKINSON.

His Excellency General WASHINGTON."

His EXCELLENCY'S *ANSWER.*

To his Excellency the PRESIDENT, *and the Honorable the* SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL *of the Commonwealth of* PENNSYLVANIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM duly affected by the welcome reception I have met with on my return to this city, and accept with unusual pleasure your obliging congratulation.

But I feel myself particularly indebted to you, Gentlemen, for that delicate sensibility, which hath spared my feelings, and, by suppressing your sentiments of my conduct, placed it in but too fair a point of light.

It is from a heart overflowing with gratitude for your past assistance and present politeness, that I reciprocate all your benevolent wishes.

While my farewel blessing thus attends you, permit me to give this last public testimony of the great respect and esteem, with which I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble servant,

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Philad. Dec. 10, 1783.

Friday last the Militia Officers of this City and Liberties waited on his Excellency General Washington with the following address:

To his Excellency GEORGE WASHINGTON, *Esquire, Commander in Chief of the Armies of the United States of* America, *&c.*

SIR,

YOUR Excellency's happy return to this city, after so much personal hazard and eminent service, is an event upon which the Militia Officers of the City and Liberties of Philadelphia cannot possibly be silent.

It has been reserved for your Excellency to unite in the most eminent degree the characters of the Citizen and the Soldier, and exhibit a new and glorious spectacle in the annals of mankind---The Hero and Deliverer of his Country retiring, in the zenith of glory and power to the shade of private life.-- ---Such virtue heaven only can reward.

We look back on those hours, in which we were honoured with your Excellency's command, in our occasional military services, as the most pleasing of our lives, and cannot form a wish more expressive of our gratitude and affection, than that your Excellency's future life may be as happy, as your former has been useful and glorious.

In Behalf of the Militia Officers,

JAMES IRVINE, M. G.

Philad. Dec. 12, 1783.

His EXCELLENCY'S *ANSWER.*

To the OFFICERS *of the* MILITIA *of the City and Liberties of* PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE honorable manner in which you are pleased to notice my return to this city, is particularly acceptable to me.

It would have been a proof of the want of patriotism and every social virtue, not to have assumed the character of a soldier when the exigency of the public demanded; or not to have returned to the class of citizens, when the necessity of farther services ceased to exist.---I can therefore claim no merit beyond that of having done my duty with fidelity.

While the various scenes of the war, in which I have experienced the timely aid of the militia of Philadelphia, recur to my mind,---my ardent prayer ascends to Heaven that they may long enjoy the blessings of that peace, which has been obtained by the divine benediction on our common exertions.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Philadelphia, Dec. 12, 1783.

On Saturday last the following Addresses were presented to his Excellency General WASHINGTON.

SIR,

WE beg leave to congratulate your Excellency on the happy conclusion of the war. At length the hazardous conflict is over---the blessings of peace and independence are ours---and we approach your Excellency, as you retire from the field, with the mingled emotions of joy, gratitude and affection.

Let others, Sir, recount your military atchievements, and draw the honorable comparison between them and the deeds of those other heroes whose names adorn the records of time. It is ours to view you in another light, and to see your character surrounded with a glorious splendor, before which the star of a Cæsar or an Alexander must hide its diminished head. The mad ambition of unlimited conquests was not your incentive to action-- your aim was not to exalt yourself upon the ruins of your fellow-citizens. It was the voice of your country that called---it was the genius of freedom that led you to the field. In defence of liberty, property and the rights of mankind, your sword was drawn. It was consecrated by *religion*, by *law*, and by *humanity*; it was revered as their guardian. The purest principles directed the management of the war. Undissembled piety, without the fear of offending Heaven, could implore its assistance to your arms. Virtue, philosophy and the sciences considered their cause as involved in that which you have so illustriously supported. Heaven has smiled upon the glorious struggle. Our freedom is established---the sciences flourish---and the gates of happiness are thrown open to mankind.

The scene of military glory is now closed, and you leave the field amidst the grateful acclamations of a happy people. May the example you have set--may the instructions you have given never be forgotten. May all the blessings of peace and domestic life crowd to your retirement. Long---very long may you enjoy them. Your country has still a deep interest in you. No retreat can prevent your continuing the distinguished object of the affection, esteem and confidence of her friends. The learned professions, in particular, will ever consider you as their patron and protector, and gratefully remember him, who, under the blessing of God, hath enabled science once more to lift up her head.

Signed, in behalf of the Clergy, Gentlemen of the Law, and Physicians of the city of Philadelphia,

FERDINAND FARMER,
WILLIAM WHITE,
JOHN EWING,
FRANCIS HOPKINSON,
WILLIAM BRADFORD, jun.
JAMES WILSON,
THOMAS BOND,
WILLIAM SHIPPEN, jun.
JAMES HUTCHINSON.

To which his EXCELLENCY *was pleased to make the following*

ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

I ENTREAT you to accept my grateful thanks for your affectionate address, and to be assured that the kindness and partiality of your sentiments, respecting me, as well as the elegance and urbanity of your expressions, have made an impression on my mind never to be effaced.

Conscious of no impropriety in wishing to merit the esteem of my fellow-citizens in general, I cannot hesitate to acknowledge that I feel a certain pleasing sensation, in obtaining the good opinion of men eminent for their virtue, knowledge and humanity; but I am sensible, at the same time, it becomes me to receive with humility, the warm commendations you are pleased to bestow on my conduct; for if I have been led to detest the folly and madness of unbounded ambition; if I have been induced, from other motives, to draw my sword and regulate my public behaviour; or if the management of the war has been conducted on purer principles, let me not arrogate the merit to human imbecility, but rather ascribe whatever glory may result from our successful struggle to a higher and more efficient cause. For the re-establishment of our once violated rights; for the confirmation of our Independence; for the protection of virtue, philosophy and literature; for the present flourishing state of the sciences, and for the enlarged prospect of human happiness, it is our common duty to pay the tribute of gratitude to the greatest and best of Beings.

Though the military scene is now closed, and I am hastening, with unspeakable delight, to the still and placid walks of domestic life, yet even there will my country's happiness be ever nearest to my heart; and while I cherish the fond idea, I shall still retain a pleasing remembrance of the able support the public has often received from the learned professions, whose prosperity is so essential to the preservation of the liberties, as well as the augmentation of the happiness and glory of this extensive empire.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Philadelphia, Dec. 13, 1783.

To his Excellency GENERAL WASHINGTON.

SIR,

THE Magistrates of the city of Philadelphia, in behalf of themselves and their Associates the Magistrates of the county, beg leave to present to your Excellency our congratulations on the present happy æra, which confirms to the United States of America the inestimable blessings of Peace, Liberty and Independence.

The great share your Excellency has had in obtaining these blessings, demand our most grateful acknowledgments; should we indulge ourselves in expressing your merit therein, we are fearful we should offend in point of delicacy.

We are impressed with the highest sensibility of the value of the brave officers and soldiers of the American army, and can never forget how much we owe to our magnanimous Ally the King of France, for his support and assistance; particularly in that of his brave officers and forces, both by sea and land: But above every consideration, we are bound to acknowledge the infinite goodness of the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, who has so remarkably interposed in our behalf, through every period of this important struggle for the freedom and happiness of mankind; and we conceive, in no instance more apparently than in inspiring and directing our great national Councils, and by graciously raising up among us an illustrious personage, with the most shining abilities and conspicuous virtue, to lead, direct and animate, by his conduct and example; Who this great character is, shall be a blank in our page, being confident that every grateful heart and generous hand will be ready to fill it up.

May your Excellency find, in the retirement you contemplate, all the happiness which must arise from the reflection of having served your country in the hour of distress; and may the gratitude of America be most eminently displayed in following those wise and salutary councils, which have distinguished the period of your command----to a soul like yours, we are persuaded no return can be more acceptable.

Signed, in behalf of the Magistrates of the city and county of Philadelphia.

PLUNKET FLEESON, *President.*

Philadelphia, 13th Dec. 1783.

His EXCELLENCY'S *ANSWER.*

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE great occasion to be satisfied with the proofs you have now given, of regard for my person and approbation of my services.

Nothing could have been more proper on this occasion, than to attribute our glorious successes, in the manner you have done, to the bravery of our troops, the assistance of our Ally, and the interposition of Providence.

Having by such means acquired the inestimable blessings of Peace, Liberty and Independence, the preservation of these important acquisitions must now, in a great measure, be committed to an able and faithful Magistracy. May the tranquility and good order of this city and county, in which you are called to act in that respectable character, continue to exhibit your example as worthy of universal imitation.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Philadelphia, 13th Dec. 1783.

The same day the following ADDRESS was presented to his Excellency General WASHINGTON, by the TRUSTEES and FACULTY of the University of the State of Pennsylvania.

SIR,

THE Trustees and Faculty of the University of the State of Pennsylvania view, with peculiar joy, the conclusion of the war, and congratulate your Excellency on the establishment of peace.

When they consider how many important interests were involved in the late contest, they cannot suppress their acknowledgments to your Excellency, under whose auspices it has been so happily conducted.

In this arduous struggle for "Peace, Liberty and Safety," the welfare of the Arts and Sciences was intimately concerned------they trembled at the dangers that surrounded them---they crouded to your standard for safety----and in you they have found an illustrious protector. Sensible of her obligations, and ambitious of enrolling your (justly celebrated) name in the catalogue of her sons, this University presents your Excellency with her highest honours, and joins the Wreath of Science to the Laurels of the Hero. We shall deem ourselves honored by your accepting this testimony of our gratitude and estimation of your literary merits, and we hope the rising generation under our care, when hereafter they shall see their names enrolled with yours, will be fired with emulation to copy your distinguished virtues, and learn (from your example) to grow great in the service of their country.

Long may you live, to enjoy the sweets of that prosperity and peace, which your arms have, under God, given to America.

We pray Heaven to reward you with its choicest blessings, and to make you as happy in the shades of retirement, as you have been illustrious in the field of glory.

Philadelphia, December 13, 1783.

His EXCELLENCY'S *ANSWER.*

To the TRUSTEES *and* FACULTY *of the* UNIVERSITY *of* PENNSYLVANIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I EXPERIENCE a singular satisfaction, in receiving your congratulations on the establishment of peace, and the security of those important interests which were involved in the fate of the war.

Desirous of being considered the friend, and (as far as consists with my abilities) the Patron of the Arts and Sciences, I must take the liberty of expressing my sense of the obligations I am under to the Trustees and Faculty of the University of Pennsylvania, for paying me so flattering a compliment, and on so pleasing a subject.

I accept, Gentlemen, the honors you have had the goodness to confer upon me, with the greatest deference and respect. May the revolution prove extensively propitious to the cause of literature---may the tender plants of Science, which are cultivated by your assiduous care, under the fostering influence of Heaven, soon arrive at an uncommon point of maturity and perfection---and may this University long continue to diffuse, throughout an enlightened empire, all the blessings of virtue, learning and urbanity.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Philadelphia, December 13, 1783.

Last Monday morning his Excellency GENERAL WASHINGTON left this city, on his way to Annapolis. His Excellency was attended to some distance from town by the city troop of horse, and a number of gentlemen of the first distinction.

The honorabe the house of Delegates of the State of Virginia having, on the 4th inst. taken into consideration the act of the English King in Council, of the 2d July last, prohibiting American vessels from carrying the produce of the British West-India islands;---unanimously passed the following resolution, viz.

"That the United States in Congress assembled ought to be empowered to prohibit British vessels from being the carriers of the growth or produce of the British West-India islands to these United States, so long as the restriction aforesaid shall be continued on the part of Great Britain, or to concert any other mode to be adopted by the States, which shall be thought effectual to counteract the designs of Great-Britain, with respect to the American commerce."

Were all the States to adopt a similar measure, the British government might possibly be brought to their senses.

The Boston papers contain notices to those gentlemen in that and the neighbouring towns, who wish to promote the establishment of a BANK, to meet on the 3d instant, to take that subject under consideration.

On Thursday evening last departed this life, the Hon. JOHN EVANS, Esq; one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this state, and a Member of the Council of Censors. The abilities, integrity and disposition of this amiable man, marked him early in life as public property. He possessed all that perfection of character, which education, liberty and religion are capable of producing in the mind of man. His last illness found him busily engaged in the service of his country. With prospects of happiness beyond the grave, he calmly resigned his breath in the 54th year of his useful life. Pennsylvania deplores the loss of this excellent citizen. He was at once a pillar and an ornament of the state. But it is to lessen his praise, to confine his loss to a particular community. He belonged to the republic of humanity. He was the friend of all mankind.

*** The FREEMEN of Chester county are requested to meet at the Turks-Head Tavern, in Gothen, on SATURDAY next, at eleven o'clock, in order to fix on a suitable person to represent the county in the Council of Censors, in the room of the Hon. JOHN EVANS, Esq; deceased.

WAS committed to Chester county goal, on the 7th of this instant, two Negroe men, one of whom calls himself George Trenly, and says his master's name is Henry Toliver, and lives in Bedford county, State of Virginia; the other calls himself Peter Trenly, and says he belongs to John Washington, in said county, and State as above. Said Negroes had with them two horses, saddles and bridles, supposed to be stolen. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be sold in two months after this date, to defray charges, by

Dec. 8, 1783. § THOMAS TAYLOR, Goaler.

Philadelphia, December 16, 1783.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away last night, an Irish servant GIRL, named Jenny Stevenson, about 21 years of age, has blue eyes and black hair, a tall, lusty, hearty, fresh looking wench, and came in the brig Recovery, Capt. Junkin, from Belfast, about nine weeks ago. Had on and took with her, a green skirt, dark calicoe short gown, white stockings, leather shoes with low heels, two striped lincey petticoats, a striped red calicoe short gown, and a black Barcelona handkerchief. Whoever takes up and delivers the said girl to the subscriber, shall have the above reward.

JOHN DUNLAP.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others are forbid to harbour her. Whoever does, will, if discovered, be treated as the law directs.

To be SOLD,

The noted Horses

WHYNOT,

AND

JERSEY BLUE,

By the subscriber, living in Gloucester county, West New-Jersey, nearly opposite Marcus-Hook.

Dec. 10, 1783. § JAMES TALMAN.

For *Londonderry*,

The Ship CONGRESS,

FRANCIS KNOX, MASTER,

Has exceeding good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail in a short Time, one Half her Cargoe being engaged. The swiftness of this Ship's sailing is so well known, that it is unnecessary to say any Thing on this Head.

For Freight or Passage, apply to the Master on board, at Huddle's Wharff, to BLAIR M'CLENACHAN, or THOMAS IRWIN. c t f. Philad. Dec. 17.

IN November, 1782, was left with the subscriber, in Moreland township, Philadelphia county, a small bay MARE, by a certain John Beaty. The said Beaty is desired to come, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be sold for the charges in three weeks from this date, by

Nov. 10, 1783. ¶ WILLIAM CRAWFORD.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JACOB WENTZ, ſen. late of Worceſter townſhip, Philadelphia county, deceaſed, either by bills, bonds, notes, book debts, vendue or otherwiſe, are hereby once more deſired to make payment to the ſubſcriber hereof, in Upper-Salford townſhip, in ſaid county, before the 15th day of Janu y next, to prevent further coſt; and thoſe who neglect, may depend that they will be dealt with according to law, without favour ſhewn to any; and all thoſe who have any juſt demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe once more deſired to bring in their accounts, properly adjuſted, for payment, by MICHAEL CROLL, ſurviving Adminiſtrat.

December 1. 1783. §

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Gwinedth townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 2d inſt. December, a ſervant Lad, William Gordon, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, a chunky and bold looking fellow, ſomewhat pock-marked, ſhort curled hair, a little turned to the ſandy order; had on, when he went away, a new white wool hat, with a red ribbon round it, light coloured linſey upper jacket, and a ſtriped blue and white under ditto, two ſhirts, two pair of trowſers, one of them ribbed, the other blue and white ſtriped, one pair of ſtockings, a pair of ſhoes, with a pair of block-tin buckles; the ſaid ſervant hath run away ſeveral times before from me and the different maſters he had before; he is much inclined to frolicking, drinking and pilfering. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and brings him home, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JACOB WISSMORE.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in King and Queen county, Virginia, about the firſt of November laſt, two Virginia born Negroes, by the names of ISAAC and SUCK; Iſaac is about 40 years of age, 6 feet high, of a yellowiſh complexion, with a ſcar over one of his eyes, and one of his arms has been broke juſt above the wriſt. SUCK is about 30 years of age, 5 feet high, very black, with one of her teeth out before, which is perceivable. They carried away different clothes with them, and a ſmall black horſe, which they ſtole from Virginia; their aim was Philadelphia, and I expect have gone there, as they were taken up on the main road from Baltimore to Philadelphia, in Hartford county, Maryland, but made their eſcape. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid Negroes in any goal, or gives information, ſo that I may get them again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by ¶ WILLIAM DEW. *Dec.* 5.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Union townſhip, Berks county, 48 miles from Philadelphia, 10 from Reading, on the road leading from Coneſtogoe Valley to Reading, containing 167 acres of good land, ſuppoſed to be about 100 acres cleared, 10 whereof is meadow, and conveniency for making 30 or 40 acres more, having a large never-failing ſtream of water running thro' the whole; a new dwelling-houſe, a barn, and lies convenient to ſeveral mills. The terms of ſale will be low. For further information, apply to CADWALLADER EVANS, adjoining the premiſes, SAMUEL JACKSON, in Reading, or the ſubſcriber, living in Philadelphia.

§ WILLIAM SAVERY, jun.

Likewiſe a FARM adjoining it, with near the ſame quantity of land, good buildings, meadow, &c. Apply as above.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS James M'Nutty, of the State of Maryland, hath obtained a note of the ſubſcriber, for the ſum of Twenty Pounds, dated May 1783, which note is paid. Likewiſe one Joſeph Dewiſe, of New-Caſtle county, obtained one other note, dated July 1783, for the ſum of Fifty-four Pounds, which I have received no value for; therefore I forewarn any perſon to take any aſſignment on either, as I am determined not to pay either, for the one being paid, and the other I never received no value for. ¶ JOSEPH HALL.

WAS loſt yeſterday, between Front and Third-ſtreets, a ſmall brown ſpotted POCKET BOOK; there were in it a will and power of Patrick Heren, belonging to the 3d Pennſylvania regiment, to his wife. Alſo a certificate of marriage and ſeveral other papers. Whoever has found the ſame, and will deliver it to MARY MORRISON, in the barracks, or to Captain BOWEN, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS reward.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,
Will be Sold by Public Auction,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANDIZE,
As USUAL; ALSO,
Houſhold Furniture & Wearing
APPAREL, &c. &c.
WILLIAM BROWN, Auctioneer.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of SAMUEL EMLEN the elder, late of this city, deceaſed, by bond, note or book debt, are hereby requeſted immediately to diſcharge them, agreeable to the laſt will of the Teſtator, who directs his outſtanding debts to be collected for ſpecial purpoſes; and thoſe having juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, for payment, to

SARAH MOORE, Executrix.
Philad. Nov. 24, 1783. THOMAS MOORE,) Execut.
§ JOSHUA CRESSEN,)

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in the townſhip of New-London, Cheſter county, containing 240 acres, with the allowance, about 100 of which is good woodland, the remainder under good fence, 20 acres of watered meadow made, and 10 more may be made, and watered by a never-failing ſtream, two young orchards, one of which is of the beſt grafted fruit, and a great number of peach and other fruit trees; there are alſo on the premiſes a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, three rooms on a floor, a good kitchen, and ſtone ſpring-houſe in the garden; alſo a large double barn, and two good ſtables floored and finiſhed. The above land is extremely convenient to market, being nine miles from the Head of Elk, 13 from Chriſtiana bridge, and one and a half from two merchant-mills. The title is indiſputable. For terms, apply to DAVID KENNEDY, Eſq; Secretary of the Land-Office, Philadelphia, or JAMES JOHNSTON, near the premiſes. Dec. 2, 1783. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 134 acres, ſituated in Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, within a mile of Brandywine Manor Meeting-houſe, one half thereof cleared, the reſt good timbered land, with a good dwelling-houſe, and an exceeding good barn, not covered, ſome good meadow, and more may be made. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, by applying to JOHN SMITH, living near the ſame; and for terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living in Tredyffrin townſhip, in ſaid county. ¶ SAMUEL SMITH.

Philadelphia, November 27, 1783.

To be LETT for a number of years,

And entered on immediately,

A LOT of GROUND, ſuitable for a ſhip-yard, and for which purpoſe it hath been occupied a number of years; it is ſituate at the lower end of Kenſington, and adjoining the Three Stores, about 90 feet front on the river Delaware, and extending about 500 feet back, acroſs one public ſtreet and fronting another on the back end. Enquire of PETER BROWNE, in Front-ſtreet, the third door above Race-ſtreet, who has for SALE, a quantity of Sheathing and Drawing NAILS, and a number of ſmall ANCHORS, from one to 200 weight. § 3 w. c t f.

TO BE SOLD,

And entered on the firſt day of April next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, about 14 miles diſtant from the city, containing 180 acres of land, about 100 acres of which is cleared and within good fence; there are 20 acres of good meadow made, part of which is watered, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made and watered by a good ſtream running through the plantation. There are on ſaid premiſes a ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, and a ſtone kitchen adjoining, a never-failing ſpring near the houſe, with a ſtone milk-houſe over it, and a ſtone barn, an orchard in its prime; the whole in good tenantable repair. The ſituation is very healthful and pleaſant, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to ſeveral mills, and to places of worſhip of almoſt every denomination. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms (which will be eaſy to the purchaſer) by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

† ROBERT SITTELTON.

N. B. There is another little tenement and a clever orchard, in its prime, on ſaid plantation.

Mount-Pleaſant, New-Caſtle county, Nov. 20, 1783.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, about the firſt of September laſt, A Negroe Man, named STESS, 23 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, light and ſlim built, ſomewhat knock-kneed, one or more of his fore teeth out, has a ſcar on the back of his right hand; it is thought he has a brown coat on, linen breeches, thread ſtockings, with country made ſhoes; he appears to be an orderly, mannerly fellow, and a great Methodiſt, and will endeavour to paſs for a free man: it is thought he has gone towards New-York, but perhaps may be ſkulking about the wharves at Philadelphia, in order to get a paſſage. Any perſon that will ſecure him in any goal, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, if taken within the ſtate of Delaware, and if out of the ſtate, TWELVE DOLLARS, with all reaſonable charges, paid by

RICHARD GRIFFITH.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril. § 6 w.

Waſhington county, Maryland, Nov. 21, 1783.

THE ſubſcriber, living near Sharpſburgh, is willing to ſell his LAND, divided into three Plantations; ſaid land is as good as any in Maryland ſtate, with a good ſpring on each place; on the place where he lives there are near 100 acres clear, on the other near 70, and on the third about 50 acres, with good dwellings and other out-houſes; the whole containing 864 acres, for which he can give a good deed to the purchaſer or purchaſers; the half to be paid down in caſh, for the other half he will give credit, on giving bonds and ſecurity, on the delivery of the deed. Perſons deſirous to purchaſe, can hear the particulars, by applying to § MICHAEL MEYER.

New-Caſtle, November 24, 1783.

WAS committed to the goal of this county, on the 16th of this inſtant, a certain SAMUEL FLETCHER, in company with a JOHN HAMER, on ſuſpicion of horſe-ſtealing, and both were indicted, tried, and Fletcher being found guilty of the felony, received his puniſhment according to law, and Hamer being acquitted, was remanded to goal, as being a perſon ſuſpected of committing divers felonies within the commonwealth of Pennſylvania; and it is alledged that the ſaid John Hamer was proſcribed by that name in the public papers of ſaid commonwealth. Therefore any perſon or perſons knowing him to be the ſame, is hereby requeſted to appear at any time before the 22d day of December next, and have him removed, otherwiſe he will be diſcharged, by THOMAS CLARK, Goaler. ‖

FOR SALE, BY
PRAGERS, LIEBAERT & Co.
In Front-ſtreet, eight doors below Walnut-ſtreet,

A QUANTITY of Holland and Cologne geneva in caſes, kegs and anchors; beſt Coniac brandy in kegs; arrack; vinegar; claret, champaign, cape, hermitage, Rheniſh and other ſorts of wines in bottles; fine Tonkay, Sequin, Congo, Singlo and Bohea Teas; a quantity of China ware; earthen ware; nankeens; a large aſſortment of calicoes, chintzes, printed cottons, white ſtriped cottons, flowered and plain muſlins, cambricks, gauzes, cloths, lawns, coatings, duffils, ratteens, velverets, cambletts, ſerges, Sileſia and Holland fine linen of different kinds; coarſe Poland linen in rolls; blue and black India and other kinds of ſilk handkerchiefs; ſilk ſtuffs of various ſorts; white and black ſilk ſtockings; broad and narrow ribbons; nutmegs; refined ſalt in barrels; barley; brimſtone; window glaſs in boxes, 12 by 11, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 9, 10 by 8, 9 by 8, 9 by 7, 8 by 6; jewelry, ſet diamonds, canes, ſteel, iron in bars, Morocco and ſoal leather, calf ſkins, cables and other beſt cordage aſſorted, and ſundry other articles. ¶

RAN away from the ſhip Liberty, from Londonderry, on the 12th inſt. a ſervant lad, named *John Campbell*, about 21 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has long brown hair tied, is ſlow of ſpeech, and is ſuppoſed to have on dark corduroy breeches, a white cloth coat, and caſtor hat pretty much worn; he has ſerved two years to the carpenter's trade. And on the thirteenth two others ran away, one named *Samuel Taylor*, 23 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a dark complexion, has ſhort brown hair, and both his arms ſmaller below the elbows than common; the other named *William Coleman*, 18 or 19 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, and brown complexion; has a friend in York county, and talked of going there. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and brings them to Stephen Cochran's tavern, in Weſt Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, or ſecures them in any goal, ſo that the owner gets them again, ſhall have *Eight Dollars* reward, for two of them *Six Dollars*, or any one of them *Three Dollars*, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN M'CALION, living at ſaid Cochran's. ¶ *Nov.* 22, 1783.

Mr. CLABEAU, Surgeon-Dentiſt,

At the houſe of Mr. DARROCH, Sadler, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Indian-King,

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen, &c. that he effectually cures every diſorder incident to the gums, with the greateſt eaſe; alſo tranſplants natural teeth from one mouth to another. Any perſon having a root of a tooth, may have one fixed on it ſo as not to be diſcerned from any other. Faſtens looſe ones, that in every reſpect will anſwer their firſt ſtrength. It is frequent that teeth will project outwardly or inwardly, by a ſmall operation attended with no pain to the perſon, he re-fixes them ſo as to be quite even. He has likewiſe a peculiar method of ſetting artificial ones, ſo that the perſon may take them out and replace them themſelves, with the greateſt eaſe, from one to a whole ſett.

He has a method ſuperior to moſt other Dentiſts, of fixing natural teeth upon the gums, when there is not any root, in the moſt ſolid manner, and without giving the leaſt pain; they are as uſeful as natural teeth; are ſet neat and regular, and are very light in the mouth; they always retain their colour, are more durable than moſt other artificial teeth, and very much aſſiſt converſation. The moſt violent tooth-ach immediately eaſed. Teeth ſcaled and cleaned. Decayed teeth ſtopt, ſo as to prevent them from aching, with either gold or lead. If his advice is properly followed, by the experience he has obtained, and from the many careful obſervations he has made, he flatters himſelf with the hope of giving full ſatisfaction to thoſe who will honor him with their commands.

N. B. Every operation performed on the moſt reaſonable terms, and teeth drawn gratis for the poor. §

TO BE SOLD,

THAT noted and valuable ſeat for water-works, ſituate in Trent's Gap, in Cumberland county (the property of the late Col. Benjamin Flower, deceaſed) being ſix miles from Carliſle, on the great road leading to Baltimore. The ſtream is large enough to work a double forge, and has this peculiar advantage, never to be affected by drought, floods or froſt. On the premiſes are erected a ſmall convenient dwelling-houſe, ſtable and ſaw-mill, a large elegant ſtone building, erected by the public for a boring and grinding-mill, which at a ſmall expence may be converted into a griſt and merchant-mill; a ſufficient quantity of woodland belongs to the ſeat, and much more may be acquired on the adjoining mountains at a ſmall expence, ſo as to accommodate a forge, for which the ſeat is particularly adapted, being within four or five miles of two furnaces. For title and terms, apply to *Robert Magaw*, Eſq; Attorney at law, in Carliſle, who will ſhew the premiſes, or to Mr. *John Wilcocks*, Dr. *Gerardus Clarkſon*, or Major *Hodgdon*, in Philadelphia. ¶

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, on Monday, the 24th of November laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Little-Britain townſhip, Lancaſter county, a Servant Man, named WILLIAM HUCKSTER, born in England; he deſerted from Cornwallis, at York-Town, and afterwards committed to Charles-Town goal, in Cæcil county, Maryland, on ſuſpicion of breaking the houſe of a certain Robert Foreman; he ſtole and took with him, a pair of plain ſilver buckles, the tongues and anchors are alſo ſilver, a pair of cloth breeches, a pair of light blue worſted ſtockings, a ſhirt, a fur hat, a cooper's adz, a check handkerchief, a pair of ſteel knee-buckles, a white woollen double-breaſted jacket, twilled, and pewter buttons on it, a tow linen hunting ſhirt, a pair of white and black new yarn ſtockings. He is a ſtout well made fellow, about 33 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, red faced, ſhort black hair, very fond of liquor, can break and ſwingle flax, and pretends to underſtand all kinds of farming buſineſs. Whoever apprehends ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as he may be brought to conviction, and his maſter have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Dec. 1. ROBERT BARNS.

N. B. Said Barns has a valuable Plantation for ſale, where he now lives, of 285 acres of land, of good quality, the buildings and fences are in good repair, in a good neighbourhood, four miles from Peack-Bottom Ferry, on Suſquehanna, and now under licence for a tavern. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

THREE commodious Dwelling-houſes, with two rooms on a floor, cellars and garden to each, ſituated in Newtown, Bucks county, fronting the main ſtreet. They will be ſold together or ſeparate at private ſale any time before the 10th inſt. but if not ſold by that time, they will be expoſed to public ſale the next day, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes. They are convenient for tradeſmen. Perſons inclining to purchaſe, may apply to SAMUEL TORBEN, who will give a good title to the premiſes. ¶

Reading, November 24, 1783.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 20th day of December next, A certain furnace and forge, with the meſſuage, buildings and lands thereto belonging, in the whole about 400 acres, ſituate in Hereford townſhip, Berks county, late the eſtate of Moſes Yamons, Chriſtian Butz and William Butz; the ſale to begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the forge; the whole taken in execution, and to be ſold by

¶ PHILIP KREMER Sheriff.

Philadelphia, December 1, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of Peter Summers, deceaſed, a remaining term of three years (from the 25th of March next) of and in a quantity of marſh and upland MEADOW (ſaid to be about 500 acres) with a dwelling-houſe, outhouſes, barn, ſtables &c. ſituate in Lower Penns Neck, and county of Salem, in New-Jerſey, being the ſame which ſaid Summers held by leaſe of Mr. Andrew Standly. There are on the premiſes three Negroes, two working horſes, a mare and colt, part blood, a cart and gears, two young ſteers, a milch cow and 18 well grown calves, together with a conſiderable quantity of well made hay, ſome houſhold furniture and ſalt proviſions, which will be ſold with the leaſe, if required.

Alſo three remaining years of a leaſe, of and in a certain lot or piece of Meadow ground, ſituate in Moyamenſing townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 12 acres or thereabouts, which the deceaſed held by leaſe of Mr. Reynold Keen. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. Andrew Standly, of Penn's Neck, or of JACOB WEAVER, and) Executors.
WILLIAM KENLY,)

N. B. All perſons indebted to the eſtate of Peter Summers, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid eſtate, to preſent their accounts, duly proven, to the above executors, for ſettlement. ¶

A MILLER

Is wanted, to go to Kent county, Maryland. Good encouragement will be given either to a married or ſingle man, well recommended. Enquire of Mr. JOHN WALL, on Stamper's Wharff. *Dec.* 1, 1783. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.